

***Yuma School District-1***  
**Yuma, Colorado**

**Financial Statements**

**For the Year ended June 30, 2025**

## Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-9
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	14-15
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16-17
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	20-21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	22
Notes to Financial Statements	23-60
Required Supplementary Information	
General Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	62
Food Service Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	63
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – PERA's School Division Trust Fund	64-65
Schedule of District Contributions – PERA's School Division Trust Fund	66-67
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – PERA's Health Care Trust Fund	68-69
Schedule of District Contributions – PERA's Health Care Trust Fund	70-71
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	72
Other Supplementary Information	
General Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues	76
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures	78-80
Nonmajor Governmental Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Pupil Activity Fund	82

## Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Debt Service Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Bond Redemption Fund	84
Capital Projects Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	86
Single Audit Section	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	88
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	89
Independent Auditors Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	91-92
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	93-95
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	96
Colorado Department of Education Supplementary Schedule	
Auditors' Integrity Report	98

**Independent Auditors' Report**

Board of Education  
Yuma School District-1  
Yuma, Colorado

**Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Yuma School District-1 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. And the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

**Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and historical pension and other post-employment benefit information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of

America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, auditors' integrity report and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, the auditors' integrity report and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

### **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.*

Sterling, Colorado  
December 22, 2025

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1  
Management Discussion and Analysis  
For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025**

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This section of Yuma School District-1's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2025.

**Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Yuma School District-1 exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$28,801,007 (net position).
- The district's total net position increased by \$2,447,885.
- General revenues accounted for \$14,928,202 or 88% of the \$16,899,530 in total revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, sales, and grants accounted for \$1,971,328 or 12% of revenues.
- The general fund ending fund balance reached \$11,607,656, an increase of \$1,211,311 from last year.

**Overview of Financial Statements**

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**Government-wide Statements**

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector businesses.

The statement of net position includes all of the School District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes). In the government-wide financial statements, the School District's activities include the following:

- **Governmental activities:** Most of the School District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, transportation, maintenance and operations, administration, food service and pupil activities. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues principally support these activities.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's operations, focusing on the most significant or "major" funds, not the School District as a whole. The School District has one kind of fund: governmental funds.

### **Governmental Funds**

Most of the District's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine the status of financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's program.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Thus, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements in order to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School District maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and change in fund balances for the General Fund, Food Service Fund, Bond Redemption Fund and Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund (which are considered to be major funds). Individual fund data for the nonmajor governmental fund is provided in the form of individual schedules elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-22 of this report.

## Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements may be found on pages 23-60 of this report.

### Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents other supplementary information concerning the School District's annual appropriated budgets with comparison statements that demonstrate compliance with budgets. Budgeted amounts may be found on pages 62-86.

### Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position.

71% of the School District's assets are its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and equipment). The school District uses these assets to provide instruction and related services to its' students.

The following table provides a summary of the district's net position (liabilities) as of June 30, 2025.

	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change
	2025	2024	2024-2025
Current and Other assets	\$ 16,379,670	\$ 14,263,840	14.83%
Capital assets	40,188,364	41,409,051	-2.94%
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>56,568,034</b>	<b>55,672,891</b>	<b>1.60%</b>
<b>Deferred outflows of resources</b>	<b>2,511,444</b>	<b>3,428,918</b>	<b>-26.75%</b>
<b>Total assets and deferred outflows of resources</b>	<b>\$ 59,079,478</b>	<b>\$ 59,101,809</b>	<b>-0.03%</b>
Long term liabilities	\$ 28,048,624	\$ 30,778,192	-8.86%
Other liabilities	860,322	785,729	9.49%
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>28,908,946</b>	<b>31,563,921</b>	<b>-8.41%</b>
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>	<b>1,369,525</b>	<b>1,184,766</b>	<b>15.59%</b>
Net investment in capital assets	25,814,589	26,050,048	-0.90%
Restricted	2,145,643	2,049,274	4.70%
Unrestricted	840,775	(1,746,200)	-148.14%
<b>Total net position</b>	<b>28,801,007</b>	<b>26,353,122</b>	<b>9.28%</b>
<b>Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position</b>	<b>\$ 59,079,478</b>	<b>\$ 59,101,809</b>	<b>-0.03%</b>

Following is a summary of the School District's change in net position.

Revenues	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change
	2025	2024	2024-2025
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 5,082	\$ 6,314	-19.51%
Operating Grants & Contributions	1,966,246	2,534,472	-22.41%
Capital Grants	-	-	0.00%
Property taxes	6,672,839	6,706,739	-0.50%
State equalization	6,905,126	6,066,394	13.82%
Other	1,350,237	1,129,250	19.56%
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>16,899,530</b>	<b>16,443,169</b>	<b>2.77%</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Instruction	6,603,915	6,695,076	-1.36%
Pupil & Instructional Services	473,428	525,295	-9.87%
Administration & Business	1,685,576	1,823,283	-7.55%
Maintenance & Operations	2,771,445	2,190,747	26.50%
Transportation	490,007	459,214	6.70%
Other	2,427,274	2,419,064	0.33%
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>14,451,645</b>	<b>14,112,679</b>	<b>2.40%</b>
<b>Change in net position</b>	<b>\$ 2,447,885</b>	<b>\$ 2,330,490</b>	<b>5.03%</b>

### Governmental Activities

The primary source of operating revenue for school districts comes from the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended (SFA). Under the SFA the School District received \$13,236 per funded student. In fiscal year 2024-2025 the funded pupil count was 808.9. Funding for the SFA comes from property taxes levied for general purposes, specific ownership tax and state equalization. The School District receives approximately 57 percent of this funding from state equalization while the remaining amount comes from property taxes and specific ownership tax. The School District's assessed valuation generated \$4,663,706 in property taxes levied for general purposes for fiscal year 2024-2025.

### Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School district's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the end of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,474,447, an increase of \$2,027,024 in comparison with the prior year. The General Fund, Food Service Fund, Bond Redemption Fund, Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund and Other Governmental Fund had fund balance increases of \$1,211,311, \$24,480, \$66,889, \$690,829 and \$33,515, respectively.

## General Fund Budget Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for transactions under generally accepted accounting principles. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

- The District is committed to an ongoing review of its programs and services for both effectiveness and efficiency. To accomplish this, the District examines how to best provide essential services cost-effectively and based on needs for students and staff.
- In addition, the focus for the past year and the upcoming year is to address the Board's goals of increasing achievement for all students, recruiting and retaining staff, implementing Portrait of Graduate and prioritize a system for preventative and ongoing maintenance of all facilities while maintaining long-term planning for capital projects.
- Additionally, due to the Federal and State of Colorado financial stress, with previous and potential shortfalls directly impacting the District's financial resources, the District has and will continue to:
  - Evaluate all staff positions to facilitate cost savings while maintaining educational programs that align to increasing student achievement.
  - Recruit, retain and develop a high quality instructional and support staff.
  - Strive to maintain salaries to meet state level averages and remain competitive.
  - Utilizing grants to offset general fund costs.

## Capital Assets and Debt Administration

### Capital Assets

The School Districts investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2025 amounts to \$40,188,364 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, and improvements, equipment, and capital leases all with an original cost greater than \$5,000.

Capital asset additions during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Buildings and improvements - \$82,950
- Transportation equipment - \$128,152
- Other equipment - \$11,880

The School District's total capital assets at June 30, 2025 net of accumulated depreciation were as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Buildings & improvements	\$ 39,249,912
Transportation equipment	539,142
Other equipment	243,973
Leased equipment	<u>155,337</u>
Total capital assets	<u>\$ 40,188,364</u>

Additional information on the School District’s capital assets can be found in note E on page 34 of the basic financial statements.

**Long-Term Debt**

At year-end, the School District’s long-term debt of \$14,612,758 consisted of the following.

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 14,208,993
Leases payable	160,792
Accrued compensated absences	<u>242,973</u>
Total	<u>\$ 14,612,758</u>

**Economic Factors**

The District has established stable budgeting practices, by reducing and reallocating expenditures to an alignment better suited to the district’s mission and current circumstance. With ESSER funds now being expended and the volatility within the Federal and State Education Departments, the district will continue to prioritize the alignment of funds and its budgeting practices.

It is the intention of the Superintendent and Board of Education to keep purchase orders relative to the previous year, as good practice in being good stewards of public funds, and to allow funds to be used towards capital project needs in order to deter increased maintenance costs and provide for an improved learning environment for students.

The priority for the short term is (1) the continuation of maintaining the integrity of buildings and grounds and (2) providing for instructional and programming support of District priorities.

Yuma will remain vigilant as to effects related to budget planning and forecasting while communicating and being aligned with financial transparency for all stakeholders.

**Contacting the Districts Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the District’s citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District’s finances and to demonstrate the district’s accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact Yuma School District-1, 1115 South Ash Street, Yuma, Colorado 80759.

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## **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements of the District include the following:

*Government-wide financial statements.* The government-wide statements display information about the reporting government as a whole.

*Fund financial statements.* The fund financial statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental funds.

*Notes to the financial statements.* The notes communicate information essential for fair presentation of the financial statements that is not displayed on the face of the financial statements. As such, the notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Statement of Net Position**  
**June 30, 2025**

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash	\$ 8,072,396
Cash with fiscal agent	1,831,934
Certificates of deposit	6,038,362
Receivables	431,468
Inventories	5,510
Capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>40,188,364</u>
Total assets	56,568,034
Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension deferrals	2,474,426
Other post-employment benefit deferrals	<u>37,018</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>2,511,444</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u><u>\$ 59,079,478</u></u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 88,015
Accrued salaries and benefits	712,005
Payroll deductions and withholdings	9,999
Unearned revenues	6,589
Accrued interest payable	43,714
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	1,149,877
Due in more than one year	13,462,881
Net pension liability	13,201,632
Net other post-employment benefit liability	<u>234,234</u>
Total liabilities	28,908,946
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension deferrals	1,196,491
Other post-employment benefit deferrals	169,044
Deferred charges on refundings of bonds	<u>3,990</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,369,525
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	25,814,589
Restricted for:	
Emergencies	385,000
Debt service	1,716,843
Food service	43,800
Unrestricted	<u>840,775</u>
Total net position	<u>28,801,007</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	<u><u>\$ 59,079,478</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Statement of Activities**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 6,603,915		\$ 1,284,773	
Supporting services				
Students	309,102		99,892	
Instructional staff	164,326		5,722	
General administration	481,190		11,835	
School administration	943,383			
Business services	261,003			
Operations and maintenance	2,771,445		86,086	
Student transportation	490,007		53,313	
Central support services	241,622		26,163	
Other support services	33,343			
Food service operations	503,495	\$ 5,082	398,462	
Unallocated depreciation *	1,229,898			
Interest and fiscal charges	418,916			
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 14,451,645</u>	<u>\$ 5,082</u>	<u>\$ 1,966,246</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

\* This amount excludes depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

General revenues  
 Taxes  
   Property taxes, levied for general purposes  
   Property taxes, levied for debt service  
   Specific ownership taxes  
   Delinquent taxes and interest  
 State equalization  
 Earnings on investments  
 Other  
 Sale of assets

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Net (Expenses)  
Revenues and  
Changes in  
Net Position

Total  
Governmental  
Activities

\$ (5,319,142)

(209,210)

(158,604)

(469,355)

(943,383)

(261,003)

(2,685,359)

(436,694)

(215,459)

(33,343)

(99,951)

(1,229,898)

(418,916)

(12,480,317)

4,663,706

1,380,322

621,194

7,617

6,905,126

319,872

1,028,365

2,000

14,928,202

2,447,885

26,353,122

\$ 28,801,007

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**Governmental Funds**  
**June 30, 2025**

	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash	\$ 5,810,357	\$ 155,464		\$ 1,817,934
Cash with fiscal agent	148,028		\$ 1,683,906	
Certificates of deposit	6,038,362			
Due from other funds	89,131		2,251	
Property taxes receivable	172,055		50,924	
Grants receivable	148,393			
Other receivables	59,843	253		
Inventories		5,510		
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 12,466,169</b>	<b>\$ 161,227</b>	<b>\$ 1,737,081</b>	<b>\$ 1,817,934</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Due to other funds	\$ 2,251	\$ 89,131		
Accounts payable	88,015			
Accrued salaries and benefits	689,871	22,134		
Payroll deductions and withholdings	9,999			
Unearned revenues		6,162		\$ 427
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>790,136</b>	<b>117,427</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>427</b>
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>				
Deferred property tax revenues	68,377		20,238	
<b>Total deferred inflows of resources</b>	<b>68,377</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>20,238</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Fund balance</b>				
Nonspendable inventories		5,510		
Restricted for:				
Emergencies	385,000			
Debt service			1,716,843	
Food service		38,290		
Committed to:				
Capital purposes				1,817,507
Pupil activities				
Unassigned	11,222,656			
<b>Total fund balance</b>	<b>11,607,656</b>	<b>43,800</b>	<b>1,716,843</b>	<b>1,817,507</b>
<b>Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance</b>	<b>\$ 12,466,169</b>	<b>\$ 161,227</b>	<b>\$ 1,737,081</b>	<b>\$ 1,817,934</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Other Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 288,641	\$ 8,072,396 1,831,934 6,038,362 91,382 222,979 148,393 60,096 5,510
\$ 288,641	\$ 16,471,052
	\$ 91,382 88,015 712,005 9,999 6,589
\$ -	907,990
	88,615
-	88,615
	5,510 385,000 1,716,843 38,290
288,641	1,817,507 288,641 11,222,656
288,641	15,474,447
\$ 288,641	\$ 16,471,052

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position**  
**June 30, 2025**

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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 15,474,447
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	40,188,364
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	88,615
Accrued interest on long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the funds.	(43,714)
Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	<u>(26,906,705)</u>
Net position of the governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 28,801,007</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance**  
**Governmental Funds**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 6,109,137	\$ 5,224	\$ 1,424,993	\$ 13,685
Intermediate sources	1,457			
State sources	7,843,378	59,589		
Federal sources	504,489	338,873		
Total revenues	14,458,461	403,686	1,424,993	13,685
Expenditures				
Instruction	6,436,409			
Supporting services	5,773,399	501,174		
Capital outlay				188,257
Debt service				
Principal retirement	49,973		934,278	
Interest and fiscal charges			423,826	
Total expenditures	12,259,781	501,174	1,358,104	188,257
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,198,680	(97,488)	66,889	(174,572)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in		121,968		865,401
Transfers out	(987,369)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(987,369)	121,968	-	865,401
Net change in fund balance	1,211,311	24,480	66,889	690,829
Fund balance at beginning of year	10,396,345	19,320	1,649,954	1,126,678
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 11,607,656</u>	<u>\$ 43,800</u>	<u>\$ 1,716,843</u>	<u>\$ 1,817,507</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Other Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 463,382	\$ 8,016,421 1,457 7,902,967 843,362
<u>463,382</u>	<u>16,764,207</u>
429,867	6,866,276 6,274,573 188,257
<u>429,867</u>	<u>984,251 423,826</u>
<u>429,867</u>	<u>14,737,183</u>
33,515	2,027,024
<u>33,515</u>	<u>987,369 (987,369)</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
33,515	2,027,024
<u>255,126</u>	<u>13,447,423</u>
<u>\$ 288,641</u>	<u>\$ 15,474,447</u>

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance**  
**of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,027,024
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(1,220,686)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as deferred tax revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.	10,280
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences, accrued interest payable and refunding deferred charges amortization - are measured by the amounts incurred or earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).	(111,358)
Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, service costs, current year benefit changes, member contributions, expected earnings on plan investments, administrative expenses and recognition of deferred outflows and inflows from the pensions and OPEB are reported as expense.	758,374
Repayment of principal on general obligation bonds and leases are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	<u>984,251</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 2,447,885</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## **YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

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#### **Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies**

This summary of the Yuma School District-1's significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### **A.1 – Reporting entity**

The Yuma School District-1 is a school district governed by an elected five-member board of education. The financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The reporting entity's financial statements should present the funds of the primary government (including its blended component units, which are, in substance, part of the primary government) and provide an overview of the discretely presented component units.

The District has examined other entities that could be included as defined in number 2 and 3 above. Based on these criteria, the District has no component units.

#### **A.2 – Fund accounting**

The District uses funds to report its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types." The District does not have any proprietary or fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked funds (special revenue funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service fund). The following are the District's major governmental funds:

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)**

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and State of Colorado equalization funding, as determined by the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended.

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the schools, except for certain capital outlay expenditures, debt service, food service operations and pupil activities.

Food Service Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for sales to customers, as well as dedicated grants received from state and federal sources that are associated with the operation of the District's food service program.

Bond Redemption Fund – This fund is a debt service fund used to account for the revenues from a specific tax levy for the purpose of the repayment of debt principal, interest and other fiscal charges.

Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – This fund is a capital projects fund used to account for and report financial resources that have been designated for capital outlays acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The following is the District's nonmajor governmental fund:

Pupil Activity Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues from pupils and other fund-raising activities related to school sponsored pupil intrascholastic and interscholastic athletic and other related activities.

**Note A.3 – Basis of presentation**

Government-wide financial statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)**

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund financial statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources management focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, which reports the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

**A.4 – Basis of accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – exchange and non-exchange transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end, except for state and federal grant revenues, which are considered available if collection is expected within six months of year end.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)**

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. State equalization monies are recognized as revenues during the period in which they are appropriated. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes collected within sixty days after year-end, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources – In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the “measurable” and “available” criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and the revenue is recognized.

Expenditures – The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)**

**A.5 – Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the District to record purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies to assure effective budgetary control and accountability. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are canceled and reappropriated in the ensuing year's budget.

**A.6 – Short-term interfund receivables/payables**

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as internal balances on the government-wide statement of net position, and are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

**A.7 – Inventories**

Food Service Fund – purchased inventories are stated at cost as determined by the first-in, first-out method. Commodity inventories are stated at the United States Department of Agriculture's assigned values, which approximate fair value, at the date of receipt. Expenditures for food items are recorded when consumed. The federal government donates surplus commodities to the national school lunch program. Commodity distributions used by the District are recorded as revenues at the date of their consumption.

**A.8 – Capital assets**

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets with a unit cost greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value on the date received. Infrastructure assets, consisting of certain improvements other than buildings (such as parking facilities, sidewalks, landscaping and lighting systems) are capitalized along with other capital assets. Improvements to assets are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land costs. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)**

<u>Description</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Transportation equipment	5-15 years
Other equipment	5-10 years

**A.9 – Compensated absences**

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 101, “Compensated Absences.” Leave benefits are accrued as a liability for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability is recognized for leave that has not been used if the leave is attributable to services already rendered, the leave accumulates, or the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts, if any, are recorded in the account “accrued compensated absences” in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid.

The amount recorded as liabilities for all applicable compensated absences include salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences using the rates in effect at the balance sheet date.

**A.10 – Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the noncurrent portion of compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current expendable, available financial resources. Bonds payable and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due. Bond premiums and amounts deferred upon refunding are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)**

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

**A.11 – Leases**

The District determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in capital assets and lease liabilities in the statement of net position.

Lease assets represent the District's control of the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease assets are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payment made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. Lease assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lease liabilities represent the District's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, less any lease incentives. Interest expense is recognized ratably of the contract term. The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the District will exercise that option.

The District recognizes payments for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as expenses are incurred, and the leases are not included as lease liabilities or right-to-use lease assets in the statement of net position.

**A.12 – Fund balance**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below.

*Nonspendable*, such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenditures, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned),

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)**

*Restricted* fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

*Committed* fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the board of education (the District's highest level of decision-making authority),

*Assigned* fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

*Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Committed fund balance is established by a formal passage of a resolution. This is typically done through the adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the board of education through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service or for other purposes).

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available in governmental funds, the District applies expenditures against restricted fund balance first, and followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance.

**A.13 – Net position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are liabilities imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)**

**A.14 – Interfund transactions**

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. In general, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

**A.15 – Extraordinary and special items**

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the board of education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the year.

**Note B – Cash and investments**

**Cash and deposits**

Colorado State statutes govern the District's deposit of cash. The Public Deposit Protection Acts (PDPA) for banks and savings and loans require state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposits. The PDPA require eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of federal insurance levels to create a single institution collateral pool of defined eligible assets. Eligible collateral includes obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Colorado or Colorado local governments and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group and not held in any individual government's name. The fair value of the assets in the pool must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year-end, the District had total deposits of \$14,240,150, of which \$500,000 was insured and \$13,740,150 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note B – Cash and investments (Continued)**

**Investments**

Authorized investments – Investment policies are governed by Colorado State Statutes and the District’s own investment policies and procedures. Investments of the District may include:

- Obligations of the United States Government such as treasury bills, notes and bonds
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of United States local government entities
- Bankers acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

At year-end, the District did not have any investments.

**Note C – Receivables**

Receivables at year-end consist of the following:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Property taxes receivable	\$ 222,979
Grants receivable	148,393
Other receivable	<u>60,096</u>
Total	<u>\$ 431,468</u>

Property taxes are levied on December 15th and attach as a lien on property the following January 1st. They are payable in full by April 30th or are due in two equal installments on February 28th and June 15th. Yuma County bills and collects property taxes for all taxing entities within the County. The tax receipts collected by the county are remitted to the District in the subsequent month.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note D – Interfund transactions**

The following is a summary of interfund borrowings and transfers for the year as presented in the fund financial statements:

	<u>Interfund Receivables</u>	<u>Interfund Payables</u>
<u>Governmental funds</u>		
General fund	\$ 89,131	\$ 2,251
Food service fund		89,131
Bond redemption fund	<u>2,251</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 91,382</u>	<u>\$ 91,382</u>

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
<u>Governmental Funds</u>		
General fund	\$ -	\$ 987,369
Food service fund	121,968	
Capital reserve capital projects fund	<u>865,401</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 987,369</u>	<u>\$ 987,369</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. The District transferred funds in the amount of \$865,401 from the General fund to the Capital reserve capital projects fund to set funds aside for future capital outlays. The General fund also transferred funds in the amount of \$121,968 to the Food service fund to subsidize the costs of maintaining the District’s food service operations.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note E – Capital assets**

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balances</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions/ Adjustments</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
<b>Governmental activities</b>				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 50,396,178	\$ 82,950	\$ -	\$ 50,479,128
Transportation equipment	1,901,467	128,152	(209,290)	1,820,329
Other equipment	974,111	11,880	-	985,991
Leased equipment	<u>279,566</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>279,566</u>
 Total capital assets, being depreciated	 <u>53,551,322</u>	 <u>222,982</u>	 <u>(209,290)</u>	 <u>53,565,014</u>
 Total capital assets	 53,551,322	 222,982	 (209,290)	 53,565,014
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(9,987,933)	(1,241,283)	-	(11,229,216)
Transportation equipment	(1,392,633)	(97,844)	209,290	(1,281,187)
Other equipment	(690,727)	(51,291)	-	(742,018)
Leased equipment	<u>(70,979)</u>	<u>(53,250)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(124,229)</u>
 Total accumulated depreciation	 <u>(12,142,272)</u>	 <u>(1,443,668)</u>	 <u>209,290</u>	 <u>(13,376,650)</u>
 Governmental activities capital assets, net	 <u>\$ 41,409,050</u>	 <u>\$ (1,220,686)</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ 40,188,364</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities	
Instruction	\$ 37,344
Business services	53,250
Operations and maintenance	13,055
Student transportation	102,071
Central support services	5,729
Food service operations	2,321
Unallocated	<u>1,229,898</u>
 Total	 <u>\$ 1,443,668</u>

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note F – Accrued salaries and benefits**

Salaries and benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from August to July, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned but not paid at year-end are estimated to be \$712,005. Accordingly, this accrued compensation is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

**Note G – Long-term debt**

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year:

	<u>Beginning Balances</u>	<u>Additions/ Adjustments</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balances</u>	<u>Due within one year</u>
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
Compensated absences	\$ 126,705	\$ 116,268*	\$ -	\$ 242,973	\$ 136,460
Bonds payable	15,143,271	-	(934,278)	14,208,993	960,166
Leases payable	<u>210,765</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(49,973)</u>	<u>160,792</u>	<u>53,251</u>
Total	<u>\$ 15,480,741</u>	<u>\$ 116,268</u>	<u>\$ (984,251)</u>	<u>\$ 14,612,758</u>	<u>\$ 1,149,877</u>

\*The change in the compensated absences liability is presented as a net change.

Bond payments will be made in the Bond Redemption Fund, while payments on the leases are made in the General Fund.

**Bonds payable**

General obligation bonds payable consists of the following individual issues:

\$2,664,000 general obligation refunding bonds, dated September 5, 2019, due in annual installments ranging from \$232,420 to \$295,504; with a fixed interest rate of 2.31%, payable semi-annually on February 15 <sup>th</sup> and August 15 <sup>th</sup> .	\$ 1,412,291
\$15,968,229 general obligation bonds, dated December 5, 2019, due in annual installments ranging from \$602,073 to \$1,037,588; with a fixed interest rate of 2.952%, payable semi-annually on June 1 <sup>st</sup> and December 1 <sup>st</sup> .	<u>12,796,702</u>
Total general obligation bonds	<u>\$ 14,208,993</u>

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note G – Long-term debt (Continued)**

**Leases payable**

In May 2022, the District entered into a 63-month lease as lessee for one copy machine. A lease liability was recorded at \$12,514. As of year-end, the lease liability is \$5,363. The District is required to make fixed monthly payments of \$199. The lease has 0% interest.

In November 2022, the District entered into a 63-month lease as lessee for nine copy machines. A lease liability was recorded at \$193,977. As of year-end, the lease liability is \$101,607. The District is required to make fixed monthly payments of \$3,079. The lease has 0% interest.

In September 2023, the District entered into a 63-month lease as lessee for one copy machine. A lease liability was recorded at \$3,508. As of year-end, the lease liability is \$2,451. The District is required to make fixed monthly payments of \$56. The lease has 0% interest.

In October 2023, the District entered into a 63-month lease as lessee for one copy machine. A lease liability was recorded at \$11,088. As of year-end, the lease liability is \$7,744. The District is required to make fixed monthly payments of \$176. The lease has 0% interest.

In February 2024, the District entered into a 63-month lease as lessee for one copy machine. A lease liability was recorded at \$28,743. As of year-end, the lease liability is \$21,443. The District is required to make fixed monthly payments of \$456. The lease has 0% interest.

In February 2024, the District entered into a 63-month lease as lessee for two copy machines. A lease liability was recorded at \$29,736. As of year-end, the lease liability is \$22,184. The District is required to make fixed monthly payments of \$472. The lease has 0% interest.

The following schedule represents the District’s debt service requirements to maturity for its bonds and lease at year-end:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Bonds Payable</u>		<u>Leases Payable</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2026	\$ 960,166	\$ 397,076	\$ 53,251	\$ -
2027	986,778	370,091	53,251	-
2028	1,014,137	342,349	42,226	-
2029	1,042,261	313,830	12,064	-
2030	1,071,175	284,512	-	-
2031-2035	4,235,640	1,042,931	-	-
2036-2040	4,898,836	369,946	-	-
Totals	<u>\$14,208,993</u>	<u>\$ 3,120,735</u>	<u>\$ 160,792</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

## **YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

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#### **Note H – Defined benefit pension plan**

##### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

*Pensions.* The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

##### General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan description.* Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at [www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies](http://www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies).

*Benefits provided as of December 31, 2024.* PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)**

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)**

*Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2025:* Eligible employees of the District and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 11.00% of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2024 Through <u>June 30, 2025</u>
Employer contribution rate	11.40%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-208(1)(f)	<u>(1.02)%</u>
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	10.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-411	<u>5.50%</u>
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	<u><u>20.38%</u></u>

\*\*Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. Section 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$1,220,118 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute a \$225 million direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. For 2024, a portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)**

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2024. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District’s contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2024 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At year end, the District reported a liability of \$13,201,632 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,201,632
The State’s proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District	<u>1,185,716</u>
Total	<u>\$ 14,387,348</u>

At December 31, 2024, the District’s proportion was 0.0765%, which was a decrease of 0.0080% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$801,408 and revenue of \$108,220 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)**

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 783,928	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	98,974	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	98,247
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	979,266	1,098,244
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>612,258</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,474,426</u>	<u>\$ 1,196,491</u>

\$612,258 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2026	\$ 713,895
2027	677,393
2028	(547,970)
2029	<u>(177,641)</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 665,677</u>

*Actuarial assumptions.* The December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation used the following actuarial cost method and key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)**

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	3.40%–11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.00%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 <sup>1</sup>	Financed by the AIR

<sup>1</sup> Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

All mortality assumptions are developed on a benefit-weighted basis and apply generational mortality. Note that in all categories, displayed as follows, the mortality tables are generationally projected using scale MP-2019.

	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
Pre-Retirement	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	<b>Males:</b> 112% of the rates prior to age 80/94% of the rates age 80 and older <b>Females:</b> 83% of the rates prior to age 80/106% of the rates age 80 and older
Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	<b>Males:</b> 97% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 105% of the rates for all ages
Disabled	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	99% of the rates for all ages

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuation were based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by the PERA Board on November 20, 2020.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)**

Based on the 2024 experience analysis, dated January 3, 2025, for the period January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2023, revised actuarial assumptions were adopted by PERA’s Board on January 17, 2025, and were effective as of December 31, 2024. The following assumptions were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2023, to December 31, 2024.

Salary increases, including wage inflation: 4.00%-13.40%

Salary scale assumptions were altered to better reflect actual experience.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

The estimated administrative expense as a percentage of covered payroll was increased from 0.40% to 0.45%.

The adjustments for credibility applied to the Pub-2010 mortality tables for active and retired lives, including beneficiaries, were updated based on the experience. All mortality assumptions are developed on a benefit-weighted basis. Note that in all categories, displayed as follows, the mortality tables are generationally projected using the 2024 adjusted MP-2021 projection scale.

	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
Pre-Retirement	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	<b>Males:</b> 106% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 86% of the rates prior to age 85/115% of the rates age 85 and older
Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	<b>Males:</b> 92% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 100% of the rates for all ages
Disabled	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	95% of the rates for all ages

The long-term expected return on plan assets is monitored on an ongoing basis and reviewed as part of periodic experience studies prepared every four years, and asset/liability studies, performed every three to five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the 2024 Experience Study report dated January 3, 2025.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)**

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the November 15, 2019, meeting, and again at the Board's September 20, 2024, meeting. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	51.00%	5.00%
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.60%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.60%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.10%
Alternatives	<u>6.00%</u>	5.20%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)**

- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)**

*Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>(6.25%)</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>(7.25%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.25%)</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>17,898,353</u>	\$ <u>13,201,632</u>	\$ <u>9,267,471</u>

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the SCHDTF’s FNP is available in PERA’s ACFR which can be obtained at [www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies](http://www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies).

Payables to the pension plan

The District did not report any payables to the pension plan at year-end.

Subsequent events

SB 25-310, enacted June 2, 2025, and effective immediately, allows PERA to accept a series of warrants from the State Treasurer totaling \$500 million (actual dollars) on or after July 1, 2025, and before October 1, 2025. These dollars are to be proportioned over time to replace reductions to future direct distributions intended to fund the Peace Officer Training and Support Fund and, at that time, will be allocated to the appropriate Division Trust Fund(s) within PERA. SB 25-310 also allows for an alternative actuarial method to allocate the direct distribution if the allocation, based on the reported payroll of each participating division, results in an AAP assessment ratio below the 98% benchmark.

**Note I – Defined contribution pension plan**

Voluntary Investment Program (PERAPlus 401(k) Plan)

*Plan description* - Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program (PERAPlus 401(k) Plan), an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available ACFR which includes additional information on the PERAPlus 401(k) Plan. That report can be obtained at [www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies](http://www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies).

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note I – Defined contribution pension plan (Continued)**

*Funding policy* - The PERAPlus 401(k) Plan is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. The District does not offer matching contributions to its employees. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2025, program members contributed \$18,037 for the PERAPlus 401(k) Plan.

**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan**

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

*OPEB.* The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

*Plan description.* Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at [www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies](http://www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies).

*Benefits provided.* The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 *et seq.* specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

*PERA Benefit Structure*

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

*DPS Benefit Structure*

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

*Contributions.* Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$61,066 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

**OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

At year-end, the District reported a liability of \$234,234 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2024. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2024 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.0490%, which was a decrease of 0.0015% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(45,335). At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 54,409
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	2,957	76,542
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	1,513	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	1,905	38,093
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>30,643</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 37,018</u>	<u>\$ 169,044</u>

\$30,643 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30, _____</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2026	\$ (48,896)
2027	(29,090)
2028	(37,679)
2029	(23,415)
2030	(15,664)
2031	<u>(7,925)</u>
Total	<u>\$ (162,669)</u>

*Actuarial assumptions.* The December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation used the following actuarial cost method and key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40%-11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	16.00% in 2024, then 6.75% in 2025, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2034
MAPD PPO #2	105.00% in 2024, then 8.55% in 2025, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2034
Medicare Part A premiums	3.50% in 2024, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2033
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

As of the December 31, 2024, measurement date, the FNP and related disclosure components for the HCTF reflect additional payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health Department (Tri-County Health) as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. The additional employer disaffiliation payment allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$0.020 million and \$0.486 million, respectively.

Each year the per capita health care costs are developed by plan option. As of the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation, costs are based on 2024 premium rates for the UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug (MAPD) PPO plan #1, the UnitedHealthcare MAPD PPO plan #2, and the Kaiser Permanente MAPD HMO plan. Actuarial morbidity factors were then applied to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age, gender, and health care cost trend. This approach applies for all members and is adjusted accordingly for those not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for the PERA benefit structure.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

Age-Related Morbidity Assumptions		
Participant Age	Annual Increase (Male)	Annual Increase (Female)
65-68	2.2%	2.3%
69	2.8%	2.2%
70	2.7%	1.6%
71	3.1%	0.5%
72	2.3%	0.7%
73	1.2%	0.8%
74	0.9%	1.5%
75-85	0.9%	1.3%
86 and older	0.0%	0.0%

Sample Age	MAPD PPO #1 with Medicare Part A		MAPD PPO #2 with Medicare Part A		MAPD HMO (Kaiser) with Medicare Part A	
	Retiree/Spouse		Retiree/Spouse		Retiree/Spouse	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
65	\$1,710	\$1,420	\$585	\$486	\$1,897	\$1,575
70	\$1,921	\$1,589	\$657	\$544	\$2,130	\$1,763
75	\$2,122	\$1,670	\$726	\$571	\$2,353	\$1,853

Sample Age	MAPD PPO #1 without Medicare Part A		MAPD PPO #2 without Medicare Part A		MAPD HMO (Kaiser) without Medicare Part A	
	Retiree/Spouse		Retiree/Spouse		Retiree/Spouse	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
65	\$6,536	\$5,429	\$4,241	\$3,523	\$7,063	\$5,866
70	\$7,341	\$6,073	\$4,764	\$3,941	\$7,933	\$6,563
75	\$8,110	\$6,385	\$5,262	\$4,143	\$8,763	\$6,900

The 2024 Medicare Part A premium is \$505 per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, discussed as follows.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models, and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. PERACare Medicare plan rates are applied where members have no premium-free Part A and where those premiums are already exceeding the maximum subsidy. MAPD PPO #2 has a separate trend because the first year rates are still below the maximum subsidy and to reflect the estimated impact of the Inflation Reduction Act for that plan option.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the TOL are summarized in the following table:

<u>Year</u>	<u>PERACare Medicare Plans<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>MAPD PPO #2</u>	<u>Medicare Part A Premiums</u>
2024	16.00%	105.00%	3.50%
2025	6.75%	8.55%	3.75%
2026	6.50%	8.10%	3.75%
2027	6.25%	7.65%	4.00%
2028	6.00%	7.20%	4.00%
2029	5.75%	6.75%	4.25%
2030	5.50%	6.30%	4.25%
2031	5.25%	5.85%	4.25%
2032	5.00%	5.40%	4.25%
2033	4.75%	4.95%	4.50%
2034+	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%

<sup>1</sup>Increase in 2024 trend rates due to the effect of the Inflation Reduction Act.

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuation for the Division Trust Funds as shown in the following table, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the December 31, 2023, valuation for the HCTF, but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Note that in all categories, displayed as follows, the mortality tables are generationally projected using scale MP-2019. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

<b>School Division</b>	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
Pre-Retirement	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	<b>Males:</b> 112% of the rates prior to age 80/94% of the rates age 80 and older <b>Females:</b> 83% of the rates prior to age 80/106% of the rates age 80 and older
Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	<b>Males:</b> 97% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 105% of the rates for all ages
Disabled	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	99% of the rates for all ages

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Per capita health care costs in effect as of the December 31, 2023, valuation date for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to be age 65 and older and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect costs for the 2024 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates applicable to health care premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in those premiums. A separate trend rate assumption set was added for MAPD PPO #2 as the first-year rate is still below the maximum subsidy and also the assumption set reflects the estimated impact of the Inflation Reduction Act for that plan option.
- The Medicare health care plan election rate assumptions were updated effective as of the December 31, 2023, valuation date based on an experience analysis of recent data.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuations were based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

Based on the 2024 experience analysis, dated January 3, 2025, for the period January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2023, revised actuarial assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on January 17, 2025, and were effective as of December 31, 2024. The following assumptions were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total OPEB liability from December 31, 2023, to December 31, 2024.

Salary increases, including wage inflation: 4.00%-13.40%

The following health care costs assumptions were used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Salary scale assumptions were altered to better reflect actual experience.
- Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Participation rates were reduced.
- MAPD premium costs are no longer age graded.

<u>Plan</u>	<u>With Medicare Part A</u>	<u>Without Medicare Part A</u>
MAPD PPO #1	\$1,824	\$6,972
MAPD PPO #2	624	4,524
MAPD HMO (Kaiser)	2,040	7,596

The adjustments for credibility applied to the Pub-2010 mortality tables for active and retired lives, including beneficiaries, were updated based on the experience. Note that in all categories, the mortality tables are generationally projected using the 2024 adjusted MP-2021 project scale. These assumptions updated for the Division Trust Funds, were also applied in the roll forward calculations for the HCTF using a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

<b>School Division</b>	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
Pre-Retirement	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	<b>Males:</b> 106% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 86% of the rates prior to age 85/115% of the rates age 85 and older
Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	<b>Males:</b> 92% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 100% of the rates for all ages
Disabled	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	95% of the rates for all ages

The actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed annually and updated, as appropriate, by the PERA Board’s actuary.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is monitored on an ongoing basis and reviewed as part of periodic experience studies prepared every four years, and asset/liability studies, performed every three to five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the 2024 Experience Study report dated January 3, 2025.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the November 15, 2019, meeting, and again at the Board’s September 20, 2024, meeting. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	51.00%	5.00%
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.60%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.60%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.10%
Alternatives	<u>6.00%</u>	5.20%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

*Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates.* The following table presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	<u>1% Decrease in Trend Rates</u>	<u>Current Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase in Trend Rates</u>
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate <sup>1</sup>	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial MAPD PPO #2 trend rate <sup>1</sup>	7.55%	8.55%	9.55%
Ultimate MAPD PP #2 trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate <sup>1</sup>	2.75%	3.75%	4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	<u>3.50%</u>	<u>4.50%</u>	<u>5.50%</u>
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 227,923	\$ 234,234	\$ 241,376

<sup>1</sup>For the January 1, 2025, plan year.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 7.25%. The basis for the projection of liabilities and the FNP used to determine the discount rate was an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2023, and the financial status of the HCTF as of the current measurement date (December 31, 2024). In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2024, measurement date.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.
- As of the December 31, 2024, measurement date, the FNP and related disclosure components for the HCTF reflect additional payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. The additional employer disaffiliation payment allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$0.020 million and \$0.486 million, respectively.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the FNP for the HCTF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination did not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

*Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)**

	1% Decrease <u>(6.25%)</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>(7.25%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.25%)</u>
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>287,058</u>	\$ <u>234,234</u>	\$ <u>188,694</u>

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the HCTF’s FNP is available in PERA’s ACFR which can be obtained at [www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies](http://www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies).

Payables to the OPEB plan

The District did not report any payables to the OPEB plan at year-end.

**Note K – Risk management**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Colorado School Districts Self-Insurance Pool (the Pool). The Pool’s objectives are to provide member school districts defined property and liability coverages through self-insurance and excess insurance purchased from commercial companies. The District pays an annual contribution to the Pool for its insurance coverages. The District’s contribution for the year was \$488,900. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers’ compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage or the deductible in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year in any of the major categories of risk.

**Note L – Commitments and contingencies**

Federal and state funding

The District receives revenues from various federal and state grant programs which are subject to final review and approval by the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Local Government Budget Law

Expenditures in the Food Service Fund exceeded appropriations by \$26,452 and may be in violation of Colorado Local Government Budget Laws.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

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**Note L – Commitments and contingencies (Continued)**

TABOR Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and "fiscal year spending" include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in student enrollment. Fiscal year spending as defined by the amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserves (balances). The amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the "spending limit" must be refunded or approved to be retained by the District under specified voting requirements by the entire electorate. In November 1998, the voters of the District approved a ballot initiative permitting the District to retain, appropriate, and utilize, by retention for reserve, carryover fund balance, or expenditure, the full proceeds and revenues received from every source whatsoever, without limitation, in this fiscal year and all subsequent fiscal years notwithstanding any limitation of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of TABOR. However, the District has made certain interpretations of TABOR's language in order to determine its compliance. The District has reserved funds in the General Fund in the amount of \$385,000 for the emergency reserve.

**Note M – Joint venture**

The District participates in the Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity because the BOCES:

- is financially independent and responsible for its own financing deficits and entitled to its own surpluses,
- has a separate governing board from that of the District,
- has a separate management which is responsible for the day to day operations and is accountable to the separate board,
- governing board and management have the ability to significantly influence operations by approving budgetary requests and adjustments, signing contracts, hiring personnel, exercising control over facilities and determining the outcome or disposition of matters affecting the recipients of services provided, and
- has absolute authority over all funds and fiscal responsibility including budgetary responsibility and reporting to state agencies and controls fiscal management.

The District has one member on the board. This board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture. Separate financial statements of the Northeast Colorado Board of Educational Services are available by contacting their administrative office in Haxtun, Colorado. For the year, the District's financial contribution was \$305,261.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Food Service Fund
- Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – PERA’s School Division Trust Fund
- Schedule of District Contributions – PERA’s School Division Trust Fund
- Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – PERA’s Health Care Trust Fund
- Schedule of District Contributions – PERA’s Health Care Trust Fund
- Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**General Fund**  
**Budgetary Comparison Schedule**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 6,277,943	\$ 5,473,131	\$ 6,109,137	\$ 636,006
Intermediate sources	4,036	1,457	1,457	-
State sources	7,043,789	7,900,831	7,843,378	(57,453)
Federal sources	471,522	535,084	504,489	(30,595)
Total revenues	13,797,290	13,910,503	14,458,461	547,958
Expenditures				
Instruction	6,928,382	7,006,931	6,436,409	570,522
Supporting services	5,790,200	5,815,352	5,773,399	41,953
Debt service				
Principal retirement			49,973	(49,973)
Appropriated reserves	9,068,284	11,362,597		11,362,597
Total expenditures	21,786,866	24,184,880	12,259,781	11,925,099
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,989,576)	(10,274,377)	2,198,680	12,473,057
Other financing uses				
Transfers out	(121,400)	(121,968)	(987,369)	(865,401)
Total other financing uses	(121,400)	(121,968)	(987,369)	(865,401)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (8,110,976)	\$ (10,396,345)	1,211,311	\$ 11,607,656
Fund balance at beginning of year			10,396,345	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 11,607,656	

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Food Service Fund**  
**Budgetary Comparison Schedule**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 6,310	\$ 6,310	\$ 5,224	\$ (1,086)
State sources	84,207	83,639	59,589	(24,050)
Federal sources	243,485	243,485	338,873	95,388
Total revenues	334,002	333,434	403,686	70,252
Expenditures				
Supporting services				
Salaries	186,660	186,660	179,444	7,216
Employee benefits	82,902	82,902	92,817	(9,915)
Purchased services	7,025	7,025	12,303	(5,278)
Supplies and materials	177,925	177,925	210,670	(32,745)
Property	890	890	5,940	(5,050)
Appropriated reserves	15,062	19,320		19,320
Total expenditures	470,464	474,722	501,174	(26,452)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(136,462)	(141,288)	(97,488)	96,704
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	121,400	121,968	121,968	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ (15,062)	\$ (19,320)	24,480	\$ 43,800
Fund balance at beginning of year			19,320	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 43,800	

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability**  
**PERA's School Division Trust Fund**  
**June 30, 2025**

	<u>June 30, 2025</u>	<u>June 30, 2024</u>	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0765%	0.0845%	0.0684%	0.0826%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,201,632	\$ 14,936,788	\$ 12,456,990	\$ 9,614,466
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>1,185,716</u>	<u>327,519</u>	<u>3,630,092</u>	<u>1,102,176</u>
Total	<u>\$ 14,387,348</u>	<u>\$ 15,264,307</u>	<u>\$ 16,087,082</u>	<u>\$ 10,716,642</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,912,240	\$ 5,584,079	\$ 5,275,486	\$ 5,163,314
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	223.29%	267.49%	236.13%	186.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.17%	64.74%	61.79%	74.86%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

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<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>
0.0925%	0.0843%	0.0899%	0.1073%	0.1084%	0.1094%
\$ 13,988,693	\$ 12,590,059	\$ 15,913,709	\$ 34,688,553	\$ 32,276,410	\$ 16,734,570
<u>-</u>	<u>1,596,889</u>	<u>2,175,979</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>\$ 13,988,693</u>	<u>\$ 14,186,948</u>	<u>\$ 18,089,688</u>	<u>\$ 34,688,553</u>	<u>\$ 32,276,410</u>	<u>\$ 16,734,570</u>
\$ 4,948,267	\$ 4,952,009	\$ 4,940,754	\$ 4,945,406	\$ 4,865,416	\$ 4,768,370
282.70%	254.24%	322.09%	701.43%	663.38%	350.95%
66.99%	64.52%	57.01%	43.96%	43.10%	59.20%

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Schedule of District Contributions**  
**PERA's School Division Trust Fund**  
**June 30, 2025**

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	<u>June 30, 2025</u>	<u>June 30, 2024</u>	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,220,118	\$ 1,181,549	\$ 1,103,129	\$ 1,024,157
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(1,220,118)</u>	<u>(1,181,549)</u>	<u>(1,103,129)</u>	<u>(1,024,157)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,986,825	\$ 5,797,579	\$ 5,412,795	\$ 5,151,691
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20.38%	20.38%	20.38%	19.88%

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<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>
\$ 1,008,830	\$ 955,976	\$ 948,511	\$ 938,756	\$ 904,018	\$ 850,651
<u>(1,008,830)</u>	<u>(955,976)</u>	<u>(948,511)</u>	<u>(938,756)</u>	<u>(904,018)</u>	<u>(850,651)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 5,074,592	\$ 4,932,792	\$ 4,958,240	\$ 4,973,195	\$ 4,918,732	\$ 4,797,917
19.88%	19.38%	19.13%	18.88%	18.38%	17.73%

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability<sup>1</sup>**  
**PERA's Health Care Trust Fund**  
**June 30, 2025**

	<u>June 30, 2025</u>	<u>June 30, 2024</u>	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0490%	0.0505%	0.0520%	0.0539%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 234,234	\$ 360,663	\$ 424,465	\$ 465,151
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,912,240	\$ 5,584,079	\$ 5,275,486	\$ 5,163,314
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	3.96%	6.46%	8.05%	9.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	59.83%	46.16%	38.57%	39.40%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

<sup>1</sup> Information is not available prior to June 30, 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

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<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
0.0535%	0.0551%	0.0584%	0.0609%	0.0616%
\$ 508,460	\$ 619,029	\$ 794,793	\$ 791,658	\$ 798,908
\$ 4,948,267	\$ 4,952,009	\$ 4,940,754	\$ 4,945,406	\$ 4,865,416
10.28%	12.50%	16.09%	16.01%	16.42%
32.78%	24.49%	17.03%	17.53%	16.72%

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Schedule of District Contributions<sup>1</sup>**  
**PERA's Health Care Trust Fund**  
**June 30, 2025**

	<u>June 30, 2025</u>	<u>June 30, 2024</u>	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 61,066	\$ 59,135	\$ 55,211	\$ 52,547
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(61,066)</u>	<u>(59,135)</u>	<u>(55,211)</u>	<u>(52,547)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,986,825	\$ 5,797,579	\$ 5,412,795	\$ 5,151,691
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

<sup>1</sup> Information is not available prior to June 30, 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

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<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
\$ 51,761	\$ 50,314	\$ 50,574	\$ 50,727	\$ 50,171
<u>(51,761)</u>	<u>(50,314)</u>	<u>(50,574)</u>	<u>(50,727)</u>	<u>(50,171)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 5,074,592	\$ 4,932,792	\$ 4,958,240	\$ 4,973,195	\$ 4,918,732
1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**

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**Note A – Budgetary data**

The District adheres to the following procedures in compliance with Colorado Revised Statutes, establishing the budgetary data in the financial statements:

1. Budgets are required by state law for all funds. Prior to May 31, the superintendent of schools submits to the board of education a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted by the board of education to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is adopted by formal resolution.
4. Prior to January 31, the board of education submits its adopted annual budget to the department of education.
5. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund and reallocation of budget line items within any department in the General Fund rests with the superintendent of schools. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the board of education.
6. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
7. Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the board of education throughout the year. After budget approval, the District board of education may approve supplemental appropriations if an occurrence, condition, or need exists which was not known at the time the budget was adopted.
8. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

**Note B – Factors affecting trends in amounts reported in the pension and OPEB schedules**

Information about factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities and the Schedules of District Contributions is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at [www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies](http://www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies).

### **Other Supplementary Information**

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

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## **Budgetary Comparison Schedules - General Fund**

The General Fund accounts for all transactions of the District not required to be accounted for in other funds. This fund represents an accounting of the District's ordinary operations financed primarily from property and specific ownership taxes and state aid. It is the most significant fund in relation to the District's overall operations. The schedules of revenues and expenditures are included to provide a greater level of detail to the reader of the financial statements.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**General Fund**  
**Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 5,461,443	\$ 4,665,131	\$ 4,655,807	\$ (9,324)
Specific ownership taxes	465,000	465,000	621,194	156,194
Delinquent taxes and interest	10,000	6,500	5,882	(618)
Earnings on investments	295,000	295,000	260,729	(34,271)
Other local sources	46,500	41,500	565,525	524,025
Total local sources	6,277,943	5,473,131	6,109,137	636,006
Intermediate sources	4,036	1,457	1,457	-
State sources				
Equalization	6,046,985	6,905,126	6,905,126	-
English language proficiency	65,435	67,683	67,683	-
Transportation	63,000	63,000	53,313	(9,687)
State grants to libraries	4,500	4,500		(4,500)
Additional at-risk funding	7,628	7,628	6,125	(1,503)
READ Act	31,165	24,672	30,425	5,753
One-time at-risk funding	146,890	146,890		(146,890)
Summer EBT			625	625
On-behalf payment			108,220	108,220
Revenue from other agencies	378,308	380,508	273,177	(107,331)
Mill levy override match			57,850	57,850
Services within the BOCES	299,878	300,824	340,834	40,010
Total state sources	7,043,789	7,900,831	7,843,378	(57,453)
Federal sources				
Title I	239,957	262,133	219,845	(42,288)
Title III	17,159	30,600	29,160	(1,440)
Title II-A	40,787	50,029	34,594	(15,435)
ARP ESSER III (90% allocation)	33,857	33,857	33,857	-
Title IV-A	17,762	35,309	31,775	(3,534)
Stronger connections grant	100,000	100,000	98,595	(1,405)
Title III-A ELA Set aside			1,481	1,481
REAP	16,000	12,847	26,163	13,316
Services within the BOCES	6,000	10,309	29,019	18,710
Total federal sources	471,522	535,084	504,489	(30,595)
Total revenues	\$13,797,290	\$13,910,503	\$14,458,461	\$ 547,958

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**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**General Fund**  
**Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
<b>Expenditures</b>				
<b>Instruction</b>				
Salaries	\$ 4,404,061	\$ 4,425,728	\$ 4,134,127	\$ 291,601
Employee benefits	1,838,380	1,847,990	1,659,545	188,445
Purchased services	466,794	478,079	417,736	60,343
Supplies and materials	193,107	198,890	163,937	34,953
Property	20,190	50,394	57,262	(6,868)
Other	5,850	5,850	3,802	2,048
<b>Total instruction</b>	<b>6,928,382</b>	<b>7,006,931</b>	<b>6,436,409</b>	<b>570,522</b>
<b>Supporting services</b>				
<b>Students</b>				
Salaries	231,336	235,336	237,476	(2,140)
Employee benefits	93,398	94,332	94,982	(650)
Purchased services	100	100		100
Supplies and materials	1,850	1,850	539	1,311
Property	800	800		800
Other	100	100		100
<b>Total students</b>	<b>327,584</b>	<b>332,518</b>	<b>332,997</b>	<b>(479)</b>
<b>Instructional staff</b>				
Salaries	208,863	209,713	119,695	90,018
Employee benefits	79,925	78,860	48,984	29,876
Purchased services	14,200	14,200	1,524	12,676
Supplies and materials	8,325	8,963	6,167	2,796
Other	138			-
<b>Total instructional staff</b>	<b>311,451</b>	<b>311,736</b>	<b>176,370</b>	<b>135,366</b>
<b>General administration</b>				
Salaries	196,663	196,663	219,858	(23,195)
Employee benefits	30,614	65,455	76,472	(11,017)
Purchased services	115,500	118,791	162,085	(43,294)
Supplies and materials	12,700	11,700	8,238	3,462
Property	10,000	10,000	8,268	1,732
Other	72,700	74,700	28,391	46,309
<b>Total general administration</b>	<b>438,177</b>	<b>477,309</b>	<b>503,312</b>	<b>(26,003)</b>

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
School administration				
Salaries	711,975	711,975	710,334	1,641
Employee benefits	305,779	305,785	296,838	8,947
Purchased services	13,900	13,900	7,684	6,216
Total school administration	1,031,654	1,031,660	1,014,856	16,804
Business services				
Salaries	150,951	150,951	151,187	(236)
Employee benefits	54,820	54,820	54,315	505
Purchased services	65,000	30,000	17,463	12,537
Property		35,000		35,000
Total business services	270,771	270,771	222,965	47,806
Operations and maintenance				
Salaries	420,884	445,718	398,406	47,312
Employee benefits	146,335	179,257	147,281	31,976
Purchased services	1,214,416	1,274,416	1,655,006	(380,590)
Supplies and materials	730,247	730,247	569,579	160,668
Property	17,150	17,150	28,805	(11,655)
Other	3,000	3,000	1,456	1,544
Total operations and maintenance	2,532,032	2,649,788	2,800,533	(150,745)
Student transportation services				
Salaries	207,686	207,686	203,115	4,571
Employee benefits	78,148	78,148	79,886	(1,738)
Purchased services	21,225	21,225	43,614	(22,389)
Supplies and materials	104,500	104,500	76,488	28,012
Property	15,000	15,000	5,271	9,729
Total student transportation services	426,559	426,559	408,374	18,185

(Continued)

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**General Fund**  
**Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

(Continued)	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Central support services				
Salaries	86,944	86,944	111,881	(24,937)
Employee benefits	179,823	30,015	37,363	(7,348)
Purchased services	10,500	10,500	8,199	2,301
Supplies and materials	10,000	10,000	6,341	3,659
Property	100,000	112,847	116,036	(3,189)
Total central support services	387,267	250,306	279,820	(29,514)
Other support services				
Salaries	30,000	30,000	8,238	21,762
Employee benefits	6,705	6,705	1,882	4,823
Purchased services	28,000	28,000	24,052	3,948
Total other support services	64,705	64,705	34,172	30,533
Total supporting services	5,790,200	5,815,352	5,773,399	41,953
Debt service				
Principal retirement			49,973	(49,973)
Total debt service	-	-	49,973	(49,973)
Appropriated reserves	9,068,284	11,362,597		11,362,597
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 21,786,866</u>	<u>\$ 24,184,880</u>	<u>\$ 12,259,781</u>	<u>\$ 11,925,099</u>

## **Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Nonmajor Governmental Fund**

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund:

Special Revenue Funds – These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Pupil Activity Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues from pupils and other fund-raising activities related to school sponsored pupil intrascholastic and interscholastic athletic and other related activities.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Pupil Activity Fund**  
**Budgetary Comparison Schedule**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 429,078	\$ 429,078	\$ 463,382	\$ 34,304
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Purchased services	66,400	66,400	82,014	(15,614)
Supplies and materials	217,343	217,343	228,183	(10,840)
Property	49,250	49,250	37,433	11,817
Other	96,085	96,085	82,237	13,848
Appropriated reserves	70,922	70,922		70,922
Total expenditures	500,000	500,000	429,867	70,133
Net change in fund balance	\$ (70,922)	\$ (70,922)	33,515	\$ 104,437
Fund balance at beginning of year			255,126	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 288,641	

## **Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Debt Service Fund**

The District reports the following major debt service fund:

Debt Service Funds – These funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

- Bond Redemption Fund – This fund is a debt service fund used to account for the revenues from a specific tax levy for the purpose of the repayment of debt principal, interest and other fiscal charges.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Bond Redemption Fund**  
**Budgetary Comparison Schedule**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 1,357,604	\$ 1,357,604	\$ 1,377,941	\$ 20,337
Delinquent taxes and interest			1,736	1,736
Earnings on investments	500	500	45,316	44,816
Total revenues	1,358,104	1,358,104	1,424,993	66,889
Expenditures				
Debt service				
Principal retirement	934,278	934,278	934,278	-
Interest and fiscal charges	423,826	423,826	423,826	-
Appropriated reserves	1,562,732	1,649,954		1,649,954
Total expenditures	2,920,836	3,008,058	1,358,104	1,649,954
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,562,732)	\$ (1,649,954)	66,889	\$ 1,716,843
Fund balance at beginning of year			1,649,954	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 1,716,843	

## **Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Capital Projects Fund**

The District reports the following major capital projects fund:

Capital Projects Funds – These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for capital outlays, acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

- Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – This fund was established to account for and report financial resources that have been designated for capital outlays acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund**  
**Budgetary Comparison Schedule**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources			\$ 13,685	\$ 13,685
Federal sources		\$ 190,497		(190,497)
Total revenues	\$ -	190,497	13,685	(176,812)
Expenditures				
Capital outlay				
Purchased services	782,000	822,481	9,450	813,031
Property	71,135	165,548	178,807	(13,259)
Appropriated reserves	792,534	138,649		138,649
Total expenditures	1,645,669	1,126,678	188,257	938,421
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,645,669)	(936,181)	(174,572)	761,609
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	1,316,423		865,401	865,401
Total other financing sources	1,316,423	-	865,401	865,401
Net change in fund balance	\$ (329,246)	\$ (936,181)	690,829	\$ 1,627,010
Fund balance at beginning of year			1,126,678	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 1,817,507	

## **Single Audit Section**

The Single Audit Section contains the following:

- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*
- Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
- Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

Federal Grantor / Pass-through Grantor / Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
<b>U.S. Department of Agriculture</b>			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-through program from:			
Colorado Department of Human Services			
National School Lunch Program - Donated Commodities	10.555	*	\$ 32,444
Colorado Department of Education			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	4553	63,677
National School Lunch Program	10.555	4555	<u>242,752</u>
Total AL Number 10.555			<u>275,196</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>338,873</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			338,873
<b>U.S. Department of Education</b>			
ESSA, Title V, Part B, Small Rural Achievement Program	84.358	N/A	26,163
Pass-through programs from:			
Colorado Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	4010	219,845
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	4367	34,594
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425U	4414	33,857
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	4424	31,775
Stronger Connections Grant Program	84.424F	4451	<u>98,595</u>
Total AL Number 84.424			130,370
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	4365	29,160
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	7365	<u>1,481</u>
Total AL Number 84.365			<u>30,641</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>475,470</u>
Total expenditures of federal awards			<u><u>\$ 814,343</u></u>

\* Number not readily available

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

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**Note A – Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Yuma School District-1 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR), *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Yuma School District-1, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Yuma School District-1.

**Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statement(s) of the federal program. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

**Note C – Indirect Cost Rate**

Yuma School District-1 has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**Note D – Subrecipients**

Yuma School District-1 did not pass through any federal grants to subrecipients.

**Note E – Nonmonetary assistance**

Federal nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the items received and disbursed during the year. Yuma School District-1 received nonmonetary assistance for the year as follows:

AL No. 10.555	National School Lunch Program	\$ <u>32,444</u>
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**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on  
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements  
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards***

Board of Education  
Yuma School District-1  
Yuma, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Yuma School District-1 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2025.

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not been identified.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.*

Sterling, Colorado  
December 22, 2025

**Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program  
and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance**

Board of Education  
Yuma School District-1  
Yuma, Colorado

**Report on Compliance of Each Major Federal Program*****Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited the Yuma School District-1's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025.

**Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

**Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

## **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as define above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion in expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.*

Sterling, Colorado  
December 22, 2025

**YUMA SCHOOL DISTRICT-1**  
**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

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**Summary of audit results**

1. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of the Yuma School District-1 (the District).
2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the basic financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
3. No instances of noncompliance material to the basic financial statements of the District were disclosed during the audit.
4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
6. The audit did not disclose any findings relative to the major federal award programs of the District.
7. The program tested as major was:  

Child Nutrition Cluster	AL Nos. 10.553 and 10.555
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8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
9. The District qualified as a low-risk auditee.

**Findings – Financial statement audit**

We noted no findings that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

**Findings and Questioned Costs**

We noted no findings or questioned costs that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

**Prior year findings**

There were no findings or questioned costs reported for the year ended June 30, 2024.

**Colorado Department of Education  
Supplementary Schedule**

Auditors' integrity report – This fiscal-year report is required by the Colorado Department of Education to maintain statewide consistency in financial reporting. This report is also used to gather financial data that could affect future state funding.



**Colorado Department of Education**  
**Auditors Integrity Report**  
 District: 3200 - Yuma 1  
 Fiscal Year 2024-25  
 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type & Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
Governmental	+		-	=
10 General Fund	10,396,345	13,471,093	12,259,782	11,607,656
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	0
<b>Sub- Total</b>	<b>10,396,345</b>	<b>13,471,093</b>	<b>12,259,782</b>	<b>11,607,656</b>
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	19,320	525,654	501,175	43,800
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	0	0	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	255,126	463,382	429,867	288,641
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0
31 Bond Redemption Fund	1,649,954	1,424,994	1,358,104	1,716,843
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	0	0	0	0
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	1,126,678	879,086	188,257	1,817,507
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
<b>Totals</b>	<b>13,447,423</b>	<b>16,764,208</b>	<b>14,737,185</b>	<b>15,474,446</b>
<b>Proprietary</b>				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
<b>Totals</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Fiduciary</b>				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
<b>Totals</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

FINAL